

INCLUDED IN THIS ISSUE - JUNE 20, 2005

Crop Weather Milk Production Cattle on Feed

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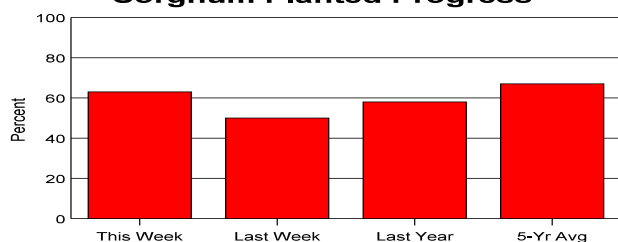
CROP SUMMARY FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 19, 2005

NEW MEXICO: There were 6.9 days suitable for field work. Topsoil moisture was 23% very short, 40% short, 36% adequate, and 1% surplus. Wind damage was 17% light, and 8% moderate. Farmers were busy fertilizing, irrigating and harvesting crops. Alfalfa was in mostly fair to excellent condition with 87% of the second cutting complete and 21% of the third cutting complete. Last weeks third cutting estimate was revised down to 10%. Cotton was 42% squared and the condition was reported as 9% very poor, 10% poor, 28% fair, 41% good and 12% excellent. Corn was in mostly fair to good condition. Sorghum was 63% planted and condition was 24% poor, 44% fair, 31% good and 1% excellent. Winter wheat was in mostly fair to good condition and was 25% harvested. Peanuts were in mostly fair to good condition with 100% planted. Chile condition was 1% very poor, 8% poor, 33% fair, 45% good and 13% excellent. Onions were in fair to excellent condition and were 50% harvested. Pecans were in mostly good to excellent condition. Ranchers were busy maintaining herds and waters. Supplemental feeding has almost stopped. Cattle were reported as 1% very poor, 3% poor, 33% fair, 49% good and 14% excellent. Sheep were 3% very poor, 5% poor, 40% fair, 32% good and 20% excellent. Range and pasture was reported as 5% very poor, 14% poor, 39% fair, 38% good, and 4% excellent.

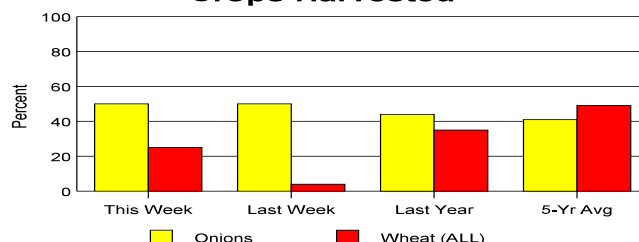
CROP PROGRESS PERCENTAGES WITH COMPARISONS

CROP PROGRESS		This Week	Last Week	Last Year	5-Year Average
COTTON	Squaring	42	22	48	41
ONIONS	Harvested	50	50	44	41
PEANUTS	Pegging	9	N/A	36	22
SORGHUM (ALL)	Planted	63	50	58	67
WHEAT (ALL)	Harvested	25	4	35	49

Sorghum Planted Progress



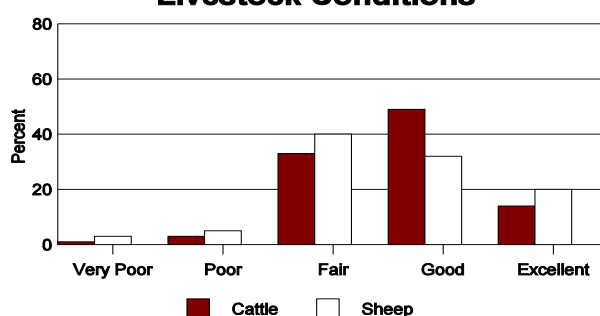
Crops Harvested



CROP AND LIVESTOCK CONDITION PERCENTAGES

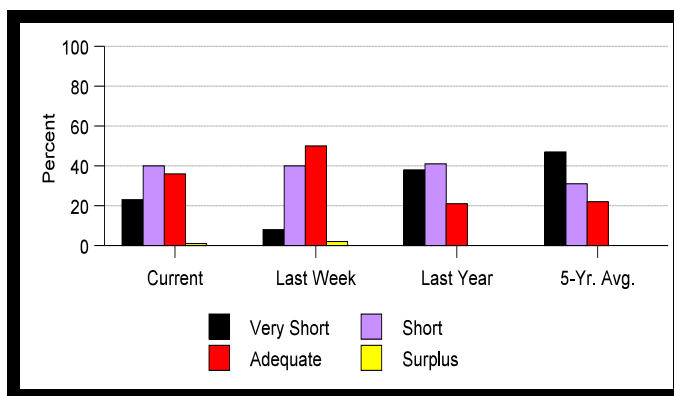
	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
Alfalfa	--	1	31	44	24
Apples	30	50	20	--	--
Chile	1	8	33	45	13
Corn	--	--	33	61	6
Cotton	9	10	28	41	12
Onions	--	--	19	23	58
Peanuts	--	4	39	53	4
Pecan	--	--	4	64	32
Sorghum (All)	--	24	44	31	1
Wheat (All)	--	--	25	74	1
Cattle	1	3	33	49	14
Sheep	3	5	40	32	20
Range/Pasture	5	14	39	38	4

Livestock Conditions



SOIL MOISTURE PERCENTAGES

	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
Northwest	30	45	25	--
Northeast	7	24	69	--
Southwest	44	48	8	--
Southeast	21	48	30	1
State Current	23	40	36	1
State-Last Week	8	40	50	2
State-Last Year	38	41	21	--
State-5-Yr Avg.	47	31	22	--



WEATHER SUMMARY

It was a dry week in New Mexico with increasing heat. Although the statewide average temperature was only 2 degrees above normal, hot afternoons sent temperatures to at least 100 degrees at most of the lower elevation stations over the southern half of the state. Carlsbad hit 107 degrees the last three days of the week. Precipitation for the week was light and spotty for the most part. Tucumcari (.50"), Moriarty (.18") and Red River (.12") were the only locations that reported over a tenth of an inch.

NEW MEXICO WEATHER CONDITIONS - JUNE 13 - 19, 2005

Station	Temperature			Precipitation				
	Mean	Maximum	Minimum	06/13 06/19	06/01 06/19	Normal June	01/01 06/19	Normal Jan-Jun
Farmington	69.6	94	42	0.00	0.06	0.22	4.59	3.37
Gallup	64.2	88	35	0.00	0.28	0.45	6.69	4.19
Capulin	61.1	87	36	0.03	1.10	2.11	8.51	7.27
Chama	58.4	82	31	0.00	0.10	1.12	14.28	8.84
Johnson Ranch	63.6	90	35	0.00	0.11	0.68	5.53	3.77
Las Vegas	65.7	89	43	0.01	0.46	2.04	7.13	6.40
Los Alamos	67.6	86	46	0.04	0.13	1.36	9.74	6.41
Raton	63.8	90	37	0.08	0.57	1.99	8.83	7.16
Red River	55.6	80	32	0.12	0.56	1.40	11.83	8.92
Santa Fe	67.8	91	44	0.00	0.09	1.17	7.22	5.26
Clayton	70.2	96	46	0.00	1.15	2.27	9.96	6.30
Clovis	78.0	101	55	0.02	0.02	2.84	6.66	7.01
Roy	66.0	90	43	0.00	0.63	2.08	9.30	6.06
Tucumcari	76.6	103	50	0.50	0.50	1.78	8.62	5.27
Grants	64.8	91	35	0.00	0.19	0.55	4.62	3.03
Quemado	61.6	89	34	0.00	0.10	0.74	4.23	4.19
Silver City	70.8	92	47	0.00	0.00	0.70	9.34	4.90
Albuquerque	76.3	94	57	0.01	0.06	0.59	5.91	3.05
Carrizozo	72.9	96	46	0.00	0.00	0.78	7.52	3.50
Socorro	75.1	97	48	0.00	0.00	0.57	4.30	2.50
Gran Quivera	71.1	92	49	0.00	0.00	1.01	7.96	4.71
Moriarty	66.6	91	43	0.18	0.18	0.92	7.07	3.99
Ruidoso	--	--	--	0.00	0.00	1.86	8.32	6.97
Carlsbad	81.9	107	59	0.00	0.01	1.30	5.39	3.95
Roswell	78.0	104	54	0.09	0.09	1.52	4.00	4.75
Tatum	75.8	102	52	0.01	0.17	2.03	6.68	6.17
Alamogordo	83.3	99	66	0.02	0.02	0.90	6.09	3.28
Animas	80.1	101	54	0.00	0.00	0.44	5.25	2.48
Deming	78.9	102	54	0.00	0.00	0.55	3.78	2.28
Las Cruces	82.3	101	58	0.00	0.00	0.72	4.35	2.27
T or C	80.6	101	58	0.00	0.00	0.69	3.69	2.58

(T) Trace (-) No Report (*) Correction

All reports based on preliminary data. Precipitation data corrected monthly from official observation forms.

MILK PRODUCTION

NEW MEXICO: Milk production in the State during May totaled 607 million pounds, up from the previous month's total of 575 million pounds. Production per cow in the State averaged 1,880 pounds during May, 100 pounds above the April production of 1,780 pounds per cow. The number of milk cows on farms remained at 323,000 head.

UNITED STATES: Milk production in the 23 major States during May totaled 14.2 billion pounds, up 4.4 percent from May 2004. April revised production, at 13.6 billion pounds, was up 3.4 percent from April 2004. The April revision represented an increase of 0.3 percent or 35 million pounds from last month's preliminary production estimate. Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,754 pounds for May, 62 pounds above May 2004. The number of milk cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.12 million head, 54,000 head more than May 2004, and 9,000 head more than April 2005

Milk Cows and Production: April 2005 ^{1/} and May 2004-2005

State	Milk Cows ^{2/}			Milk per Cow ^{3/}			Milk Production ^{3/}		
	5/04	4/05	5/05	5/04	4/05	5/05	5/04	4/05	5/05
	-----1,000 Head-----			-----Pounds-----			-----Million Pounds-----		
AZ	155	164	163	2,095	2,050	2,090	325	336	341
CA	1,720	1,751	1,754	1,830	1,820	1,875	3,148	3,187	3,289
CO	102	103	104	1,830	1,865	1,950	187	192	203
FL	139	138	138	1,525	1,575	1,580	212	217	218
ID	417	443	445	1,850	1,850	1,920	771	820	854
IL	108	105	104	1,620	1,605	1,660	175	169	173
IN	149	155	155	1,800	1,690	1,800	268	262	279
IA	195	187	186	1,760	1,740	1,820	343	325	339
KS	114	111	112	1,710	1,755	1,815	195	195	203
KY	110	107	107	1,190	1,150	1,195	131	123	128
MI	301	309	310	1,795	1,800	1,900	540	556	589
MN	460	455	455	1,555	1,540	1,610	715	701	733
MO	124	119	119	1,380	1,350	1,390	171	161	165
NM	327	323	323	1,810	1,780	1,880	592	575	607
NY	655	646	646	1,580	1,565	1,665	1,035	1,011	1,076
OH	263	269	270	1,540	1,500	1,570	405	404	424
OR	120	121	121	1,665	1,610	1,680	200	195	203
PA	557	563	565	1,605	1,600	1,675	894	901	946
TX	317	319	320	1,720	1,780	1,830	545	568	586
VT	145	144	144	1,545	1,570	1,650	224	226	238
VA	105	105	105	1,455	1,485	1,550	153	156	163
WA	239	239	239	1,985	1,985	2,060	474	474	492
WI	1,242	1,233	1,233	1,560	1,535	1,615	1,938	1,893	1,991
23 STS	8,064	8,109	8,118	1,692	1,683	1,754	13,641	13,647	14,240

1/ Revised. 2/ Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. 3/ Excludes milk sucked by calves.

CATTLE ON FEED

NEW MEXICO: Cattle and calves on feed for the slaughter market in New Mexico feedlots with capacity of 1,000 or more head totaled 127,000 head on June 1st, 2005. This was up 11 percent from the previous month because of increased placements with steady marketings, a trend we usually see this time of year. There were 30,000 head placed during May and 16,000 head marketed. Other disappearance totaled 1,000 head.

UNITED STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the United States for feedlots with capacity of 1,000 or more head totaled 10.77 million head on June 1, 2005. The inventory was 1 percent above June 1, 2004 and 2 percent above June 1, 2003. Placements in feedlots during May totaled 2.22 million, 6 percent below 2004 and 4 percent below 2003. Net placements were 2.13 million. During May, placements of cattle and calves weighing less than 600 pounds were 435,000, 600-699 pounds were 390,000, 700-799 pounds were 663,000, and 800 pounds and greater were 735,000. Marketings of fed cattle during May totaled 2.0 million, 1 percent below 2004 and 11 percent below 2003. Other disappearance totaled 96,000 during May, 22 percent above 2004 and 48 percent above 2003.

Cattle on Feed: Number on Feed, Placements, Marketings, and Other Disappearance, 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots ^{1/}

	Cattle On Feed, Number On Feed, Placements, Marketings, and Other Disappearance, 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots											
	Number on Feed			Placed			Marketed			Other Disappearance ^{2/}		
	6/1/04	5/1/05	6/1/05	DURING								
				5/04	4/05	5/05	5/04	4/05	5/05	5/04	4/05	5/05
	-----1,000 Head-----											
AZ	294	328	329	29	31	32	28	24	29	2	2	2
CA	520	500	515	91	64	82	63	59	62	8	5	5
CO	1,010	970	970	270	120	165	185	150	150	15	20	15
ID	255	240	245	74	39	61	67	37	54	2	2	2
IA	400	455	435	50	55	55	63	53	73	2	2	2
KS	2,250	2,260	2,280	495	375	510	465	425	465	20	30	25
NE	2,010	2,190	2,050	390	320	360	470	380	480	10	10	20
NM	118	114	127	27	19	30	12	16	16	2	2	1
OK	330	305	325	92	52	86	70	70	64	2	2	2
SD	188	200	186	28	27	28	37	31	38	3	1	4
TX	2,810	2,630	2,890	740	500	750	480	480	480	10	10	10
WA	170	147	137	38	19	26	42	30	34	1	1	2
Oth Sts	285	300	280	46	39	38	44	46	52	2	3	6
US	10,640	10,639	10,769	2,370	1,660	2,223	2,026	1,801	1,997	79	90	96

^{1/} Cattle and calves on feed are animals for slaughter market being fed a ration of grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade select or better. ^{2/} Includes death losses, movement from feedlots to pastures, and shipments to other feedlots for further feeding.